



**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Expressed in Canadian dollars

April 30, 2018

# **Metalex Ventures Ltd.**

April 30, 2018

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders of  
Metalex Ventures Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Metalex Ventures Ltd., which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at April 30, 2018 and 2017 and the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), changes in shareholders' deficiency and cash flows for the years then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### *Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements*

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### *Auditors' Responsibility*

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### *Opinion*

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Metalex Ventures Ltd. as at April 30, 2018 and 2017 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.



***Emphasis of Matter***

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements which describes conditions and matters that indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about Metalex Ventures Ltd.'s ability to continue as a going concern.

**“DAVIDSON & COMPANY LLP”**

Vancouver, Canada

Chartered Professional Accountants

July 12, 2018

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position  
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Note	April 30, 2018	April 30, 2017
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash		\$ 542,660	\$ 707,516
Receivables	4	7,635	11,668
Prepaid expenses		30,282	36,592
		580,577	755,776
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Reclamation deposit		1,101,049	1,093,093
Exploration and evaluation assets	5	275,362	264,862
Long-term deposit		5,000	45,000
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>\$ 1,961,988</b>	<b>\$ 2,158,731</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	7, 9	\$ 3,384,021	\$ 3,030,547
Provision for indemnity	8, 9	350,211	1,666,000
		3,734,232	4,696,547
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY</b>			
Share capital	10	90,577,989	90,572,489
Reserves	10	9,498,666	9,498,666
Deficit		(101,848,899)	(102,608,971)
		(1,772,244)	(2,537,816)
<b>Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficiency</b>		<b>\$ 1,961,988</b>	<b>\$ 2,158,731</b>

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)

Approved by the Board of Directors:

"Chad Ulansky"  
Chad Ulansky

"Lorie Waisberg"  
Lorie Waisberg

*See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.*

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)  
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		Years Ended	
		April 30,	
	Note	2018	2017
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Exploration expenditures, net of recoveries	6, 9	\$ 353,618	\$ 477,389
Indemnity interest expense and recovery of provision	8	(1,315,789)	125,700
Directors fees	9	25,405	58,764
Office and administrative		96,868	48,646
Professional fees		54,817	45,344
Transfer agent and filing fees		19,806	22,628
Travel and promotion		17,958	10,089
		<u>747,317</u>	<u>(788,560)</u>
Interest income		15,207	10,106
Foreign exchange gain		(2,452)	656
		<u>12,755</u>	<u>10,762</u>
<b>Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the year</b>		<u>\$ 760,072</u>	<u>\$ (777,798)</u>
<b>Basic and diluted income (loss) per share</b>	11	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>
<b>Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic</b>	11	<u>112,920,208</u>	<u>109,688,179</u>
<b>Weighted average number of shares outstanding - diluted</b>	11	<u>130,160,604</u>	<u>109,688,179</u>

*See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.*

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Deficiency  
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Note	Number of Common Shares	Share Capital	Reserves	Deficit	Total
<b>Balance at April 30, 2016</b>		108,097,165	\$ 90,378,001	\$ 9,487,666	\$ (101,831,173)	\$ (1,965,506)
Share issuance	10(b)	4,760,000	238,000	-	-	238,000
Share issuance costs	10(b)	-	(43,512)	11,000	-	(32,512)
Loss for the year		-	-	-	(777,798)	(777,798)
<b>Balance at April 30, 2017</b>		112,857,165	90,572,489	9,498,666	(102,608,971)	(2,537,816)
Share issuance	10(b)	100,000	5,500	-	-	5,500
Net income for the year		-	-	-	760,072	760,072
<b>Balance at April 30, 2018</b>		112,957,165	\$ 90,577,989	\$ 9,498,666	\$ (101,848,899)	\$ (1,772,244)

*See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.*

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Years Ended April 30,	
	2018	2017
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net income (loss) for the year	\$ 760,072	\$ (777,798)
Items not affecting cash:		
Interest accrued on reclamation deposit	(7,956)	(3,285)
Interest accrued and recovery of indemnity provision	(1,315,789)	125,700
Long-term deposit applied to exploration expenditures	40,000	-
	(523,673)	(655,383)
Net changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Decrease in receivables	4,033	29,065
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	6,310	(17,405)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	353,474	346,039
Net cash used for operating activities	(159,856)	(297,684)
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Exploration and evaluation assets	(5,000)	-
Net cash used for investing activities	(5,000)	-
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Issuance of share capital	-	238,000
Issuance cost	-	(32,512)
Net cash provided by financing activities	-	205,488
Net decrease in cash	(164,856)	(92,196)
Cash, beginning of year	707,516	799,712
Cash, end of year	\$ 542,660	\$ 707,516
Cash paid for interest during the year	\$ -	\$ -
Cash paid for taxes during the year	\$ -	\$ -

Supplemental disclosure with respect to cash flows (Note 14)

*See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.*



## **Metalex Ventures Ltd.**

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

April 30, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### **1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS**

Metalex Ventures Ltd. (the “Company” or “Metalex”) is incorporated under the Business Corporations Act, British Columbia and is considered to be in the exploration stage with respect to its mineral properties. To date, the Company has not generated significant revenues from operations and has not yet determined whether its mineral properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The Company’s common shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange under the trading symbol “MTX”.

The Company’s head office and location of books and records is 203-1634 Harvey Avenue, Kelowna, British Columbia, Canada, V1Y 6G2.

The recoverability of the amounts comprised in mineral properties is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of those reserves and upon future profitable production.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. Continued operations of the Company are dependent on its ability to develop its mineral properties, receive continued financial support, complete equity financings, or generate profitable operations in the future. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in existence. The Company is not generating operating cash flows and will require additional funding in order to maintain its activities for the coming year. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

### **2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

#### **Statement of Compliance**

These consolidated financial statements (the “Financial Statements”), including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and Interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”).

These Financial Statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on July 12, 2018.

#### **Basis of Consolidation and Presentation**

These Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial assets measured at fair value. In addition, these Financial Statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information. All dollar amounts presented are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise specified.

These Financial Statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary (Note 9). Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

## **Metalex Ventures Ltd.**

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

April 30, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### **2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION** *(continued)*

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ materially and adversely from these estimates.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the end of the reporting period, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

- i) The carrying value and the recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets, which are included in the statements of financial position. The cost model is utilized and the value of the exploration and evaluation assets is based on acquisition costs incurred. At every reporting period, management assesses the potential impairment which involves assessing whether or not facts or circumstances exist that suggest the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.
- ii) The inputs used in calculating the fair value for share-based compensation expense included in profit or loss and share-based share issuance costs included in shareholders' equity. The share-based compensation expense is estimated using the Black-Scholes options-pricing model as measured on the grant date to estimate the fair value of stock options. This model involves the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected price volatility of the Company's common shares, the expected life of the options, and the estimated forfeiture rate.
- iii) The recognition of deferred tax assets. The Company considers whether the realization of deferred tax assets is probable in determining whether or not to recognize these deferred tax assets.
- iv) The recognition of the indemnity liability provision. The Company considers the likelihood of this provision coming due in determining whether or not to include the provision in the liabilities of the Company. During the year ended April 30, 2018, management determined that it had reached the statute of limitations for a portion of this provision and has recorded a recovery of provision. The remaining portion is still estimated as payable as at April 30, 2018 and is included in the liabilities of the Company.

### **3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **Foreign Exchange**

The functional currency of an entity is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiary is the Canadian dollar. The functional currency determinations were conducted through an analysis of the consideration factors identified in IAS 21 - The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates.

Transactions in currencies other than the Canadian dollar are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the period end exchange rate while non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at historical rates. Revenues and expenses are translated at the exchange rates approximating those in effect on the date of the transactions. Exchange gains and losses arising on translation are included in profit or loss.

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

April 30, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### Financial Instruments

##### Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets into one of the following categories as follows:

*Fair value through profit or loss* - This category comprises derivatives, held for trading and financial assets acquired principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. They are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. This category includes cash.

*Loans and receivables* - These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any provision for impairment. This category includes receivables.

*Held-to-maturity investments* - These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Company's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. These assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any provision for impairment.

*Available-for-sale* - Non-derivative financial assets not included in the above categories are classified as available-for-sale. They are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income (loss). Where a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is removed from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and recognized in profit or loss.

All financial assets except those measured at fair value through profit or loss are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date. Financial assets are impaired when there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that have occurred after initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets.

##### Financial liabilities

The Company classifies its financial liabilities into one of two categories as follows:

*Fair value through profit or loss* - This category comprises derivatives and financial liabilities incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. They are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

*Other financial liabilities* - This category consists of liabilities carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method and includes accounts payables and accrued liabilities.

IFRS 7 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the input to valuation techniques used to measure fair value as follows:

- Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

## **Metalex Ventures Ltd.**

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

April 30, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### **3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** *(continued)*

#### **Exploration and Evaluation**

Exploration and evaluation costs are expensed until such time as reserves are proven and financing to complete development has been obtained. Acquisition costs of mineral properties and tangible development costs incurred thereon, are deferred until the property to which they relate is placed into production, sold or abandoned. The carrying values of mineral properties are, where necessary, written down to fair value if carrying value is not recoverable. Costs relating to properties abandoned are written off when the decision to abandon is made.

The Company follows the cost reduction method of accounting for the receipt of property option and similar payments. Cash and other property payments received from the Company's exploration partners are credited to the respective exploration expenditures on the property. Option payments are exercisable at the discretion of the optionee and are only recognized when received.

#### **Asset Retirement Obligations**

The Company accounts for the recognition and measurement of liabilities for statutory, contractual or legal obligations associated with the retirement of equipment, and mineral properties when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operations of the assets. When determinable, a liability for future site reclamation costs, or other obligations, would be recorded at net present value and the corresponding increase in the assets carrying value would then be amortized over the remaining useful life of the asset.

Management has reviewed the Company's likely retirement costs of its equipment, and mineral properties for known obligations under contract, common practices or laws and regulations in effect or anticipated. The Company has determined that there are no known or quantifiable significant assets retirement obligations and accordingly, these Financial Statements do not include any provision related to future asset retirement.

#### **Income (loss) per Share**

Basic income (loss) per share is computed by dividing the income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted income (loss) per share is computed similar to basic income (loss) per share except that the weighted average shares outstanding are increased to include additional shares for the assumed exercise of stock options, deferred share units and warrants, if dilutive. The number of additional shares is calculated by assuming that outstanding stock options, deferred share units and warrants were exercised and that the proceeds from such exercises were used to acquire common stock at the average market price during the reporting periods. For the fiscal 2017 year presented, this calculation resulted in no change to the income (loss) per share.

#### **Share-Based Compensation**

The Company operates an employee stock option plan whereby it is authorized to grant stock options to directors, officers, employees and consultants. Share-based compensation to employees or those that provide similar services as employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and amortized over the vesting periods. Share-based compensation to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured, and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The corresponding amount is recorded to the option reserve. The fair value of options is determined using a Black-Scholes pricing model which incorporates all market vesting conditions. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognized for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted shall be based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest. When the options are exercised, the applicable amounts of option reserves are transferred to share capital.

## **Metalex Ventures Ltd.**

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

April 30, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### **3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** *(continued)*

#### **Share-Based Compensation** *(continued)*

*Cash settled plans* - The Company has a deferred share unit plan whereby directors can receive compensation in the form of a deferred share unit. Upon leaving the Board, directors, at their discretion, can elect to receive either cash or shares for the deferred compensation. Accordingly under IFRS, these units are classified as compound financial instruments consisting of a debt (cash) component and an equity component. The fair value of the deferred share units is measured on the grant date as the sum of the cash value (debt component) and the equity component, if any, valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

#### **Impairment of Non-financial Assets**

At the end of each reporting period, the Company's assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Fair value is determined as the amount that would be obtained from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss for the period. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash flows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit ("CGU") is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but to an amount that does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or CGU in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Flow-through Shares**

Resource expenditure deductions for income tax purposes related to exploration activities funded by flow-through share arrangements are renounced to investors in accordance with Canadian income tax legislation. On issuance, the Company bifurcates the flow-through share into i) a flow-through share liability, equal to the estimated premium, if any, investors pay for the flow-through feature, and ii) share capital. Upon qualifying expenses being incurred, the Company derecognizes the flow-through premium liability for the amount of tax reduction renounced to the shareholders. The premium is recognized as other income.

Proceeds received from the issuance of flow-through shares are to be used for only Canadian resource property exploration expenditures within a two-year period. The Company may also be subject to a Part XII.6 tax on flow-through proceeds renounced under the "Look-back" Rule, in accordance with the Government of Canada flow-through regulations. When applicable, this tax is accrued as a financial expense until paid.

#### **Warrants**

As part of its private placements, the Company has issued warrants and brokers' warrants. Any warrants that expire or are exercised during the year are transferred back to share capital, if originally determined to have a value. The Company values warrants as part of a private placement offering under the residual value approach.

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

April 30, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### Income Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity. Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred tax is recorded by providing for temporary differences, between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Temporary differences are not provided for relating to goodwill not deductible for tax purposes; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable loss; and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. To the extent that the Company does not consider it probable that a deferred tax asset will be recovered, it does not recognize the asset.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognized at the same time as the liability to pay the related dividend. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### New Standards Not Yet Adopted

*IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments”* – This new standard is a partial replacement of IAS 39 “Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement” and will be applicable to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2018. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments in the context of its business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The new standard also requires a single impairment method to be used, replacing the multiple impairment methods in IAS 39. The Company does not expect any impact to the financial statements from the adoption of this standard.

*IFRS 16 “Leases”* – This new standard will be applicable to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2019. IFRS 16 provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less, or the underlying asset has a low value. Lessors continue to classify leases as operating or finance, with IFRS 16’s approach to lessor accounting substantially unchanged from its predecessor, IAS 17. At present, the Company has no leases, other than an informal arrangement with a related party for shared office space. As such, the Company does not expect any impact to the financial statements from the adoption of this standard.

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

April 30, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 4. RECEIVABLES

The Company's receivables are as follows:

	April 30, 2018	April 30, 2017
Related party receivables (Note 9)	\$ 2,284	\$ 6,953
GST receivable	5,351	4,715
Total	\$ 7,635	\$ 11,668

### 5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Title to exploration and evaluation assets involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many exploration and evaluation assets. The Company has investigated title to all of its exploration and evaluation assets and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its properties is in good standing.

The carrying values of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets are as follows:

	Wemindji James Bay, Quebec	Kyle Lake, Ontario	Total
Balances as at April 30, 2016 and 2017	\$ -	\$ 264,862	\$ 264,862
Additions	10,500	-	10,500
Balances as at April 30, 2018	\$ 10,500	\$ 264,862	\$ 275,362

The Company's one reportable operating segment is the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties; the Company's non-current assets are entirely in Canada.

#### Wemindji James Bay Property, Quebec

As at April 30, 2018, the Company has a 76.67% (2017 – 75.4%) contributing interest in various mineral claims located in the Wemindji James Bay region of Quebec for the exploration of diamonds. In August, 2017, the Company signed an agreement with Threegold Resources Inc (“Threegold”), regarding the non-diamond commodities joint venture. Threegold agreed to assign its right, title and interest in this joint venture to the Company in exchange for \$5,000 (paid) and the issuance of 100,000 common shares (issued at a value of \$5,500) of the Company. As such, the Company now owns 100% of the non-diamond project.

#### Kyle Lake Project, Ontario

As at April 30, 2018, the Company has a 100% earned interest in certain mineral claims located in the Kyle Lake area of Ontario. These claims are subject to a 10% carried interest in favour of Kel-Ex Development Ltd. (“Kel-Ex”), a company related by virtue of a common director. In September 2011, the Company acquired all of Arctic Star Exploration Corp's (“Arctic Star”) remaining joint venture interests in the Company's Kyle Lake, James Bay Lowlands and Attawapiskat projects for a lump sum payment of \$264,862. Also pursuant to the agreement, the Company will pay Arctic Star a further \$2,000,000 in circumstances where a mine is put into production on the claims comprising the Kyle Lake project.

## **Metalex Ventures Ltd.**

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

April 30, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### **5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS** *(continued)*

#### **James Bay Lowlands Property, Ontario**

As at April 30, 2018, the Company has a 62.5% earned interest in certain mineral claims located in the Ring of Fire region of the James Bay Lowlands, Ontario. Certain of these claims were previously included as part of the Kyle Lake project and were optioned to White Pine Resources Inc., which owns the remaining 37.5% interest. Pursuant to the agreement, a joint venture has been formed whereby each party will fund future exploration activities in proportion to their earned interests. These claims are subject to a 10% carried interest in favour of Kel-Ex.

#### **Attawapiskat Property, Ontario**

##### *Big Red Diamond Joint Venture*

As at April 30, 2018, the Company has a 83.9% working interest (72% earned interest) in certain mineral claims in the Attawapiskat area of Ontario. These claims are subject to a 10% carried interest in favour of Kel-Ex.

##### *Dumont Joint Venture*

As at April 30, 2018, the Company has a 82.5% working interest (61.7% earned interest) in certain mineral claims located in the vicinity of Attawapiskat, Ontario. These claims are subject to 10% carried interests in favour of each of Kel-Ex and DNI Metals Inc. (formerly Dumont Nickel Inc.)

#### **Mali**

The Company had a 100% interest in two gold exploration licenses. The annual exploration commitments for both permits in CFA Francs ("CFA"), with Canadian Dollar equivalents using exchange rates at April 30, 2018 is estimated at \$1,592,984 (CFA 692,000,000).

To date, the exploration commitments have not been met. The Company's licenses expired during the year ended April 30, 2013. The Company is assessing its option to renew its license; however, due to the current political climate, the Company has been unable to renew its licenses.

#### **Morocco**

In May 2004, the Company entered into an agreement with the Office National de Hydrocarbures et des Mines ("ONHYM") to conduct preliminary exploration work in Southern Morocco in order to identify areas on which to undertake further exploration work. In May 2005, the Company added additional areas for exploration work on the same terms and conditions as the first agreement. The agreements were governed by the laws and regulations of the Kingdom of Morocco and were valid until November 2006.

In April 2011, the Company entered into a new joint venture agreement with the ONHYM for further exploration of the claim areas. The Company will hold a 60% interest while ONHYM will retain a 40% interest in the project. Both parties will be responsible for funding their respective interests.

The Company's 36 month agreement with ONHYM has expired and the Company is in the process of extending it for a further 18 months.



## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 6. EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES

	James Bay, Quebec	Kyle Lake, Ontario	Attawapiskat, Ontario	Mali	Morocco	Total
<b>Cumulative expenditures, April 30, 2016</b>	\$ 8,101,750	\$ 46,098,139	\$ 9,415,145	\$ 165,000	\$ 6,024,519	\$ 69,804,553
Additions						
Aircraft field transport	7,604	-	-	-	-	7,604
Camp and field supplies	3,825	362	-	-	143	4,330
Equipment rental	956	184	-	-	2,000	3,140
Licenses, rent and other	985	2,870	-	3,071	-	6,926
Labour	48,375	65,738	141	-	19,788	134,042
Sample laboratory analysis	109,689	-	-	-	86,626	196,315
Shipping and freight	10,485	76,091	-	2,230	12,819	101,625
Telephone and communication	-	35	-	-	-	35
Travel and accomodation	16,574	22,718	-	-	258	39,550
Total additions	198,493	167,998	141	5,301	121,634	493,567
Cost recoveries	(16,178)	-	-	-	-	(16,178)
Net exploration expenditures during the year	182,315	167,998	141	5,301	121,634	477,389
<b>Cumulative expenditures, April 30, 2017</b>	8,284,065	46,266,137	9,415,286	170,301	6,146,153	70,281,942
Additions						
Aircraft field transport	67,500	18,332	-	-	111,560	197,392
Camp and field supplies	4,602	3,599	-	-	-	8,201
Drill supplies and repairs	12,651	-	-	-	-	12,651
Equipment rental	11,345	7,725	-	-	-	19,070
Fuel	953	-	-	-	-	953
Licenses, rent and other	8,639	2,833	-	3,240	-	14,712
Labour	120,304	114,333	-	-	1,756	236,393
Sample laboratory analysis	65,789	-	-	-	53,121	118,910
Shipping and freight	14,052	85,595	-	2,686	7,806	110,139
Telephone and communication	33	-	-	-	-	33
Travel and accomodation	22,429	35,485	-	-	-	57,914
Total additions	328,297	267,902	-	5,926	174,243	776,368
Cost recoveries	-	-	-	-	(422,750)	(422,750)
Net exploration expenditures (recovery) during the year	328,297	267,902	-	5,926	(248,507)	353,618
<b>Cumulative expenditures, April 30, 2018</b>	\$ 8,612,362	\$ 46,534,039	\$ 9,415,286	\$ 176,227	\$ 5,897,646	\$ 70,635,560

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 7. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

The Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities are as follows:

	April 30, 2018	April 30, 2017
Trade payables	\$ 1,069	\$ 7,762
Accrued liabilities	224,794	199,389
Related party payables (Note 9)	3,158,158	2,823,396
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 3,384,021</b>	<b>\$ 3,030,547</b>

### 8. PROVISIONS

During the 2010 and 2011 fiscal years, the Company completed a succession of flow-through share arrangements and renounced the expenditures to investors in accordance with Canadian income tax legislation. The Company was required to incur eligible Canadian exploration expenditures in order to ensure investors were eligible for the tax deductions. As at April 30, 2013 and 2014, the Company did not incur all the required expenditures and the investors were no longer eligible to receive certain tax deductions. Consequently, the Company had recorded a provision of \$1,170,000 towards potential indemnification of tax liabilities to purchasers of the flow-through shares as at April 30, 2013. As at April 30, 2017 the provision consisted of the 2010 and 2011 flow through indemnity for a total balance of \$1,666,000. During the year ended April 30, 2018, that statute of limitations was reached for the 2010 flow through indemnity. As such, the liability, along with the accrued interest on that portion of the liability was reversed through the statement of operations in the amount of \$1,315,789. As at April 30, 2018, the indemnity provision is comprised of only the 2011 provision, plus accrued interest on that balance for a total of \$350,211.

During the 2017 fiscal year, the Company raised \$238,000 in flow through funds which were required to be incurred on eligible exploration expenditures in Quebec. As at April 30, 2017, the Company had incurred \$36,146 in eligible exploration expenditures and had a commitment to spend the remaining \$201,854 in flow through funds. As at April 30, 2018, the Company has fulfilled this commitment and incurred the required expenditures.

### 9. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Financial Statements include the financial statements of Metalex Ventures Ltd. and its subsidiary listed in the following table:

Name of Subsidiary	Country of Incorporation	Proportion of Ownership Interest	
		April 30, 2018	April 30, 2017
Mali Gold Mine Ltd.	Mali	100%	100%

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

April 30, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 9. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES *(continued)*

During the years ended April 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company had related party transactions with the following companies related by way of common directors or shareholders:

- C.F. Mineral Research Ltd. (“CF Minerals”) – a private company owned by the Metalex Chairman. CF Minerals provides heavy mineral geochemistry services to the Company.
- Cantex Mine Development Corp. (“Cantex”) - a publicly listed company with common directors and management. Metalex and Cantex share office space and thus have certain shared expenditures which get re-billed on a cost-recovery basis.
- Diamante Minerals, Inc. (“Diamante”), now known as iMine Corporation - a publicly listed company the formerly had common management. Metalex and Diamante shared office space and thus have certain shared expenditures which get re-billed on a cost-recovery basis. Diamante changed management in March 2018, and now no longer shares management functions or shared space.
- Element 29 Ventures Ltd. (“Element 29”) - a private company owned by the Metalex CEO. Element 29 provides geological consulting services to the Company.
- Kel-Ex Development Ltd. (“Kel-Ex”) - a private company owned by the Metalex Chairman. Kel-Ex provides administration, payroll and office services to the Company.
- Northern Uranium Corp. (“Northern”) - a publicly listed company with common directors and management. Metalex and Northern share office space and thus have certain shared expenditures which get re-billed on a cost-recovery basis.

The key management personnel of the Company are the Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer.

The Company’s related party expenses consist of the following:

	Years ended April 30,	
	2018	2017
Laboratory and mineralogical costs	\$ 112,604	\$ 126,520
Administration fees (10%)	20,829	8,337
Geological consulting fees	79,081	87,659
Shared field expenditures	36,401	28,525
Shared office and administrative costs	13,127	9,949
	<b>\$ 262,042</b>	<b>\$ 260,990</b>

	Years ended April 30,	
	2018	2017
C.F. Mineral Research Ltd.	\$ 112,604	\$ 126,520
Element 29 Ventures Ltd.	103,744	100,928
Kel-Ex Development Ltd.	45,694	33,542
	<b>\$ 262,042</b>	<b>\$ 260,990</b>

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

April 30, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 9. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES *(continued)*

The Company's expenses recovered from related parties consist of the following:

	Years ended April 30,	
	2018	2017
Shared field expenditures	\$ 16,059	\$ 101,977
Shared office and administrative costs	17,587	41,758
	<u>\$ 33,646</u>	<u>\$ 143,735</u>

  

	Years ended April 30,	
	2018	2017
Cantex Mine Development Corp.	\$ 17,615	\$ 107,031
Diamante Minerals, Inc.	1,140	6,852
Element 29 Ventures Ltd.	2,787	-
Kel-Ex Development Ltd.	11,842	21,514
Northern Uranium Corp.	262	8,338
	<u>\$ 33,646</u>	<u>\$ 143,735</u>

Included in accounts payable of the Company are the following amounts due to related parties:

	April 30,	April 30,
	2018	2017
C.F. Mineral Research Ltd.	\$ 934,686	\$ 888,470
Element 29 Ventures Ltd.	7,199	9,871
Kel-Ex Development Ltd.	2,216,273	1,925,055
	<u>\$ 3,158,158</u>	<u>\$ 2,823,396</u>

The Company accrued a \$1,170,000 indemnity provision (see note 8) related to the fiscal 2010 and 2011 flow through arrangements. The majority of the provision is attributable to the Company's Chairman of the Board, as he had been the largest subscriber of these flow-through subscriptions. As such, this is an additional related party payable to the amounts shown above. While the fiscal 2010 provision has been reversed in the current year ended April 30, 2018, the 2011 balance of \$350,211 remains outstanding as at April 30, 2018.

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

April 30, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 9. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES *(continued)*

Included in receivables of the Company are the following amounts due from related parties:

	April 30, 2018	April 30, 2017
Cantex Mine Development Corp.	\$ 1,882	\$ 1,549
Diamante Minerals, Inc.	-	1,930
Kel-Ex Development Ltd.	127	411
Northern Uranium Corp.	275	3,063
	<u>\$ 2,284</u>	<u>\$ 6,953</u>

The remuneration of directors and officers is as follows:

	Years Ended April 30,	
	2018	2017
Director fees <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 25,405	\$ 58,764
Wages and benefits <sup>(2)</sup>	108,615	104,385
	<u>\$ 134,020</u>	<u>\$ 163,149</u>

(1) Directors fees are amounts accrued under the Company's deferred share unit plan as described in Note 10 (d). Each quarter, \$15,000 in DSUs are accrued under the plan; the total number of DSUs outstanding is then adjust based on the fair market value of the share price, resulting in fluctuations in the amount of fees expensed.

(2) Wages and benefits includes amounts paid or accrued for geological consulting fees and payroll costs due to related parties included in exploration expenditures and office and administrative expenses within the statements of profit or loss.

### 10. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

#### a) Authorized share capital

The authorized share capital of the Company is an unlimited number of common shares without par value. All issued shares are fully paid.

#### b) Issued share capital

On December 30, 2016, the Company completed a private placement for flow through shares. The Company issued 4,760,000 FT Units at a price of \$0.05 per FT unit. Each FT unit is comprised of one flow through share and one-half of a non-flow through warrant, with each whole warrant entitling the holder to acquire a non-flow through share at a price of \$0.10 for a term of two years. Finder's fees of \$18,640 were paid and 372,800 finder's warrants valued at \$11,000 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with an expected life of 2 years, volatility of 115.50%, a risk free rate of 0.74% and dividend rate of 0% were issued in conjunction with the flow through shares. The Company incurred additional share issuance costs of \$13,872 relating to this private placement. There was no flow-through premium associated with the transaction.

On August 11, 2017, the Company obtained approved from the TSX Ventures Exchange for the issuance of 100,000 common shares valued at \$5,500 of the Company to Threegold for the purchase of the minority joint venture interest of the Quebec non-diamond project (Note 5).

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

April 30, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 10. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

#### c) Stock options and warrants

The Company, in accordance with its shareholder approved stock option plan as amended, is authorized to grant options to directors, officers, employees and consultants, to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares. The exercise price of the options issued under the plan is determined by the Board of Directors at the time the options are granted. The options vest immediately upon grant, unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors, and are exercisable for up to a period of ten years from the date of grant.

Stock option transactions are summarized as follows:

	Stock Options		Warrants	
	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, April 30, 2016	6,466,000	\$ 0.12	6,500,000	\$ 0.07
Granted	-	-	2,752,800	0.10
Outstanding, April 30, 2017	6,466,000	0.12	9,252,800	0.08
Expired	-	-	(6,500,000)	0.07
Outstanding, April 30, 2018	6,466,000	\$ 0.12	2,752,800	\$ 0.10
Number currently exercisable	6,466,000	\$ 0.12	2,752,800	\$ 0.10

The following stock options were outstanding at April 30, 2018:

	Number	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
<b>Options</b>	610,000	\$ 0.08	October 20, 2020
	1,700,000	0.08	March 28, 2021
	3,756,000	0.15	December 19, 2023
	400,000	0.08	January 13, 2026
	<u>6,466,000</u>		

The outstanding warrants have an exercise price of \$0.10 and expire December 30, 2018.

#### d) Deferred share unit plan

The Company has a deferred share unit plan whereby directors can receive compensation in the form of a deferred share unit. Under the plan, directors will earn compensation quarterly (\$7,500 initial value per quarter per director) at which time the number of deferred share units will be determined based on the weighted average of the Company's trading price for the last five trading days at the end of the quarter. Upon leaving the Board, directors, at their discretion, will receive shares for the deferred compensation. Under the deferred share plan, directors are entitled to receive the cash value equal to the fair value of the deferred shares outstanding. Accordingly, the value of the deferred liability is equal to the fair value of the shares. As of April 30, 2018, \$224,794 of deferred compensation (April 30, 2017 – \$199,389) has been accrued in accounts payable which equates to 4,495,872 shares (April 30, 2017 – 3,323,146 shares). Total directors fees of \$25,405 (2017 – \$58,764) reflects the compensation to directors of \$60,000 per year, less any fair value gains associated with the deferred share units.

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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### 11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### Basic Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net income for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the fiscal year of the Company.

	2018	2017
Net income (loss) for the year	\$ 760,072	\$ (777,798)
Weighted average number of common shares	112,920,208	109,688,179
Basic income (loss) per share	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.01)

#### Diluted Earnings per Share

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, and the weighted average number of shares of common shares outstanding during the year has been adjusted for the dilutive effects of all potential common shares, warrants and deferred share units granted to board members. The diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net income (loss) for the period by the weighted average number of shares that would have been in issue upon full exercise of the dilutive issuances, except where such adjustment would be anti-dilutive. Thus, for the year ended April 30, 2017, as a result of the Company's net loss, the basic and diluted earnings per share are the same.

	2018	2017
Net income (loss) for the year	\$ 760,072	\$ (777,798)
Opening weighted average shares outstanding	112,857,165	109,688,179
Weighted average number of shares issued	94,022	-
Weighted average number of DSUs issued	3,752,261	-
Weighted averaged number of warrants outstanding	6,991,156	-
Stock options outstanding	6,466,000	-
Diluted weighted average number of common shares	130,160,604	109,688,179
Diluted income (loss) per share	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.01)

## Metalex Ventures Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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### 12. INCOME TAXES

A reconciliation of income taxes at statutory rates with the reported taxes is as follows:

	2018	2017
Net income (loss) for the year	\$ 760,072	\$ (777,798)
Expected income tax (recovery)	\$ 205,000	\$ (202,000)
Change in statutory, foreign tax, foreign exchange rates and other	(491,000)	3,000
Permanent difference	(355,000)	33,000
Impact of flow-through shares	-	90,000
Share issue costs	-	(4,000)
Adjust to prior years provision versus statutory tax returns and expiry of non-capital losses	(148,000)	32,000
Expiry of non-capital losses	231,000	237,000
Change in unrecognized deductible temporary differences and other	558,000	(189,000)
Total income tax expense (recovery)	\$ -	\$ -

The significant components of the Company's unrecognized temporary differences and tax losses are as follows:

	2018	Expiry dates	2017
<b>Temporary Differences</b>			
Exploration and evaluation assets	\$ 40,259,000	No expiry	\$ 39,409,000
Property and equipment	1,060,000	No expiry	1,057,000
Canadian eligible capital (CEC)	nil	No expiry	3,000
Share issue costs	13,000	2037 to 2047	18,000
Non-capital and allowable capital losses available for future period	8,720,000	2019 to 2038	9,333,000
Investment tax credit	151,000	2031 to 2036	151,000

Tax attributes are subject to review, and potential adjustment, by tax authorities.

### 13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Fair value estimates of financial instruments are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant information about financial markets and specific financial instruments. As these estimates are subjective in nature, involving uncertainties and matters of significant judgment, they cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions can significantly affect estimated fair values.

Cash is carried at fair value using a level 1 fair value measurement. The carrying value of receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks by virtue of its activities including currency, credit, interest rate, liquidity and commodity price risk.



## **Metalex Ventures Ltd.**

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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### **13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT** *(continued)*

*Currency risk* - While the Company's capital is raised in Canadian dollars, the Company is also conducting business in Morocco whose currency is the dirham. As such, the Company is subject to risk due to fluctuations in the exchange rates for that currency as well as the United States and Canadian dollar. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk. The Company considers this foreign currency risk to be insignificant.

*Credit risk* - Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Company if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company's cash is in large Canadian financial institutions. The Company's receivables typically consist mainly of mineral property recoveries due from joint venture partners, receivables from related parties for shared expenditures and GST receivable due from the Federal Government of Canada. The Company is subject to the risk that its joint venture partners will default on amounts owing for their portion of exploration expenditures (April 30, 2018 - \$Nil). Any such amounts defaulted would dilute that partners' interest in the exploration joint venture and would require the Company to pick up the proportionate share of future exploration expenditures. As at April 30, 2018, the Company had \$2,284 in outstanding related party receivables; the Company has subsequently received all of this balance.

*Interest rate risk* - Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. There is a very limited interest rate risk as the Company holds no material interest bearing financial obligations or assets.

*Liquidity risk* - Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk through the management of its capital structure and financial leverage as outlined in Note 14. The Company is exposed to liquidity risk.

*Price risk* - The ability of the Company to explore its mineral properties and the future profitability of the Company are directly related to the market price of diamonds and other minerals. The Company's input costs are also affected by the price of fuel. Management monitors diamond, precious metal and fuel prices to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

### **14. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Company includes equity (deficiency), comprised of issued common shares, reserves, and deficit, in the definition of capital.

The Company's objective when managing capital is to maintain its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

The Company is in the exploration stage; as such, it has historically relied on the equity markets to fund its activities. The Company's primary objective with respect to capital management is to ensure adequate liquid capital resources are in place to fund the exploration and development of its mineral properties while maintaining its ongoing operations. To secure the additional capital to pursue these plans, the Company may attempt to raise additional funds through the issuance of debt and or equity. The Company has made no changes to its objective, nor is the Company subject to external capital requirements.

## **Metalex Ventures Ltd.**

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### **15. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE WITH RESPECT TO CASH FLOWS**

The Company's significant non-cash transaction for the year ended April 30, 2018 included the issuance of 100,000 common shares pursuant to the acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets, valued at \$5,500.

Significant non-cash transactions for the year ended April 30, 2017 include the issuance of 372,800 finder's warrants valued at \$11,000 and the reclassification of \$40,000 from prepaid expenses to long-term deposit.